

## Stan Dutko, Jr. Area Director

**U.S. Department of Labor** 

**Occupational Safety and Health Administration** 





## PARTNEERSHIP An OSHA Cooperative Program





Strategic Partnership Agreement
Between
U.S. Department of Labor
Occupational Safety and Health Administration
Norfolk, Virginia Area Office
And the
Virginia Ship Repair Association, Inc.



## **Agenda**

- New Penalty Update (August 2016)
- New OSHA 2015 & 2016 Recordkeeping Reporting Requirements
- New Silica Standard
- National Campaigns in Preventing Falls and Heat Illness
- OSHA Compliance Resources
- Culture of Safety



## **New Penalty Structure**

- For the first time in 25 years, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) is poised to increase the civil monetary penalties issued for violations of OSHA's health and safety regulations.
- On November 2, 2015, President Obama signed the Federal government's bipartisan budget bill, permitting OSHA to issue a "catch up adjustment" to be effective August 1, 2016, and subsequent annual adjustments based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI).



## **New Penalty Structure**

- The initial "catch up" will reflect the approximate 80 percent increase in the CPI from 1990 (the date of the last penalty increase) to the present.
- Assuming an 80 percent increase, the monetary penalties for OSHA violations effective August 1, 2016 could be:
  - Other Than Serious \$12,600 (increased from \$7,000);
  - Serious \$12,600 (increased from \$7,000);
  - Repeat \$126,000 (increased from \$70,000);
  - Willful \$126,000 (increased from \$70,000).



## Updates to OSHA's Recordkeeping Rule Reporting Fatalities and Severe Injuries (January 1, 2015)

- Report (within 8 hours) all work-related fatalities
- Report (within 24 hours)
  - all work-related inpatient hospitalizations
  - amputations (with or without bone loss)
  - losses of an eye



# Severe Injury Reporting:

#### YEAR ONE FINDINGS



- 10,388 severe injuries reported, including
   2,644 amputations and 7,636 hospitalizations
- This is an average of 30 worker injuries every day of the year
- Most reported injuries (62%) were addressed by employer investigation, not OSHA inspection



#### Tracking of Workplace Injuries & Illnesses

- Final Rule Federal Register Notice May 12, 2016
- Employee Rights effective date August 10, 2016
- Electronic Reporting effective Date January 1, 2017
- Phase-in data submission due dates

Submission year	Establishments with 250 or more employees in industries covered by the recordkeeping rule	Establishments with 20-249 employees In select industries	Submission deadline
2017	CY 2016 300A Form	CY 2016 300A Form	July 1, 2017
2018	CY 2017 300A, 300, 301 Forms	CY 2017 300A Form	July 1, 2018
2019 and beyond	300A, 300, 301 Forms	300A Form	March 2



## **New Silica Regulations**

- General Industry
  - -29 CFR 1910.1053

- Construction
  - -29 CFR 1926.1153

- Maritime
  - Reference to 29 CFR 1910.1053







## **Scope of Coverage**

- Three forms of silica: quartz, cristobalite and tridymite
- Exposures from chipping, cutting, sawing, drilling, grinding, sanding, and crushing of concrete, brick, block, rock, and stone products (such as in construction operations)
- Exposures from using sand products (such as glass manufacturing, foundries, and sand blasting)





### **Workers and Industries Affected**

• 2.3 million workers:

Construction: 2 million

• GI/Maritime: 300,000

676,000 establishments

Construction: 600,000

• GI/Maritime: 76,000



## Grinding without engineering controls









Grinding using a vacuum dust collector

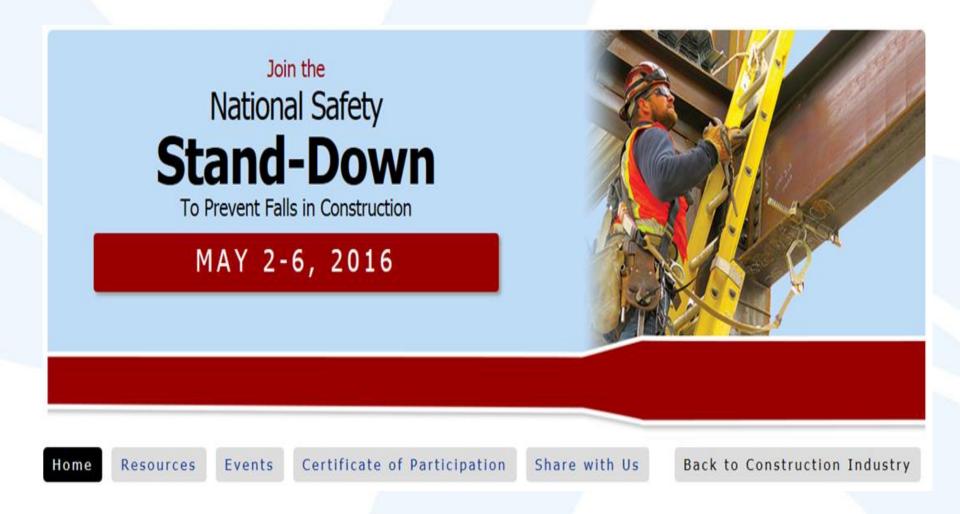


# Silica in Construction Compliance Dates

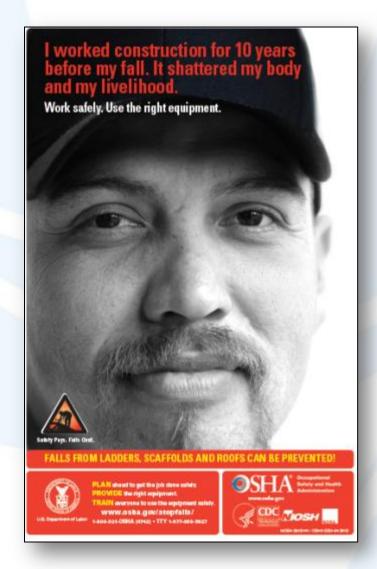
- Employers must comply with all requirements (except methods of sample analysis) by June 23, 2017
- Compliance with methods of sample analysis required by June 23, 2018



#### Stand Tall, Stand Proud and Stand-Down for Fall Safety







# Fall Prevention Campaign

- Falls are leading cause of deaths in construction — over 1/3 of all construction fatalities
- In 2014, almost 350 construction workers were killed at work from falls to lower levels
- Millions of employers and workers participate in annual Stand-Down to Prevent Falls events nationwide



#### After the Stand-Down

- Receive a "Certificate of Participation" for holding a Stand-Down.
  - Secretary of the Department of Labor saying thank you for participating.
  - Go to the Stand-Down certificate webpage after your stand-down, complete a short survey, then print your certificate.
  - Share your stand-down experience and pictures with us for possible posting on the webpage







#### Welcome to OSHA's Campaign to Prevent Heat Illness in Outdoor Workers

**HEAT ILLNESS CAN BE DEADLY.** Every year, thousands of workers become sick from exposure to heat, and some even die. **Heat illnesses and deaths are preventable.** Employers are responsible for providing workplaces that are safe from excessive heat.

- What is heat illness?
- How can heat illness be prevented?
- Who is affected?

#### What is heat illness?

The body normally cools itself by sweating. During hot weather, especially with high humidity, sweating isn't enough. Body temperature can rise to dangerous levels if precautions are not taken such as drinking water frequently and resting in the shade or air conditioning. Heat illnesses range from heat rash and heat cramps to heat exhaustion and heat stroke. Heat stroke requires immediate medical attention and can result in death.

#### How can heat illness be prevented?

Employers should establish a complete heat illness prevention program to prevent heat illness. This includes:







### **Heat Illness Prevention Campaign**

Heat illness **sickens** thousands and results in the **deaths** of dozens of workers each year





Heat Safety Tool for mobile phones has been downloaded more than 250,000 times

WATER. REST. SHADE.
The work can't get done without them.





# OSHA Compliance Assistance

- ✓ 21 million visitors to OSHA's website in FY 2015
- √ 251,000 responses to OSHA 1-800 calls
- 21,000 Spanish-speaking callers helped
- √ 16,000 e-mail requests for assistance answered
- √ 5,000 outreach activities by Regional & Area Offices
- **√ 27,800** small businesses helped through Consultation



### **OSHA** *QuickTakes*



- Free OSHA e-newsletter delivered twice monthly to more than 110,000 subscribers
- Latest news about OSHA initiatives and products to help employers and workers find and prevent workplace hazards
- Sign up at www.osha.gov



## **Social Media**

- http://www.dol.gov/
- https://www.facebook.com/departmentoflabor
- https://www.youtube.com/user/USDepartmentofLabor
- https://twitter.com/usdol



## A Culture of Safety



## Why do we need a strong safety culture?

 Independent research has confirmed that developing a strong safety culture has the single greatest impact on incident reduction.

 It is for this single reason that developing a strong safety culture should be top priority for every employer.



## **Building a Safety Culture**

- Management Commitment and Employee Involvement - "Buy-in"
  - Executive Management must be on board; if not, safety and health will compete against production and profitability, a battle that will almost always be lost.
  - Mid level Managers must be aware and echo Executive Management Commitment toward Safety.
  - The costs to the organization in terms of dollars (direct and indirect costs of incidents) and the organizational costs are compelling reasons for having a strong safety culture.



### Building a Safety Culture (Continued)

#### Building "Buy-in"

- Build an alliance between management, the union (if one exists), and employees.
- Supervisors/Employees need to understand WHY they are being asked to change what they normally do and what the results will be when they are successful.
- This needs to be explained up front. If supervisors/employees haven't been formally told the reasons why, they naturally tend to resist and opt out.

# Why do we need a strong safety culture?

FY-16 Fatalities (1 Oct 15 – 15 May 16)

-National: 509

-Region III: 36

-Virginia: 17



## Questions



#### **How do I contact OSHA?**

Norfolk Area Office

Phone: (757) 441-3820

Email: OSHANorfolk@dol.gov

24-hour OSHA hotline (1-800-321-OSHA or 1-800-321-6742) www.osha.gov

